

76092. CUCURBITA FICIFOLIA Bouche.
Cucurbitaceae.

From Paris, France. Seeds presented by Vilmorin-Andrieux & Co., at the request of Dr. J. Dufrenoy. Received February 29, 1928.

Courge de Siam. A subtropical vine, becoming 10 to 15 feet long, with edible and ornamental fruits.

76093 and 76094. CAJANUS INDICUS Spreng. Fabaceae. **Pigeon pea.**

From St. Lucia, West Indies. Seeds presented by E. A. Walters, agricultural superintendent of the St. Lucia Botanic Station. Received March 9, 1928.

Varieties grown locally.

76093. A red variety.

76094. A white variety.

76095 to 76104.

From Peradeniya, Ceylon. Seeds presented by the manager of the publication depot and central seed store of the Department of Agriculture. Received March 5, 1928.

76095. CALOPOGONUM MUCUNOIDES Desv. Fabaceae.

A tropical American creeping herb which forms a mat of foliage about 1½ feet in thickness. The stems, 3 to 10 feet long, form roots at each node. The pale-blue flowers are in racemes 1 to 4 inches long.

For previous introduction see No. 74576.

76096 to 76098. CRACCA spp. Fabaceae.**76096. CRACCA CANDIDA** (DC.) Kuntze
(*Tephrosia candida* DC.).

A low Himalayan shrub with slender branches and large clusters of reddish or white flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 67840.

76097. CRACCA VILLOSA HIRTA (Buch.-Ham.) Kuntze
(*Tephrosia hookeriana* W. and A.).

A woody perennial with reddish flowers, native to the East Indies.

For previous introduction see No. 62908.

76098. CRACCA VOGELII (Hook. f.) Kuntze
(*Tephrosia vogelii* Hook. f.).

A shrubby legume native to tropical Africa. The leaves are macerated and thrown into the water to kill fish.

For previous introduction see No. 73236.

76099 to 76101. CROTALARIA spp. Fabaceae.**76099. CROTALARIA ANAGYROIDES** H. B. K.

A tropical American shrubby leguminous plant, up to 6 feet high, used as a cover plant in the East Indies.

For previous introduction see No. 76062.

76100. CROTALARIA JUNCEA L.

A variety grown locally.

For previous introduction see No. 74408.

76101. CROTALARIA USARAMOENSIS Baker f.

A variety grown locally.

For previous introduction see No. 69120.

76095 to 76104—Continued.**76102. DOLICHOS HOSEI** Craib (*Vigna oligosperma* Hort.). Fabaceae.

A yellow-flowered leguminous vine used for a cover crop and for green manure.

For previous introduction see No. 39335.

76103. SESBANIA CANNABINA (Retz.) Poir. Fabaceae.

A variety grown locally.

For previous introduction see No. 30880.

76104. SOJA MAX (L.) Piper (*Glycine hispida* Maxim.). Fabaceae. **Soybean.**

A variety grown locally.

76105 to 76118.

From Nogent sur Vernisson, Loiret, France. Seeds presented by L. Pardé, Directeur, Arboretum des Barres et Fruticetum Vilmorinianum. Received March 1, 1928.

76105. ACANTHOPANAX SESSILIFLORUM (Rupr. and Maxim.) Seem. Araliaceae.

A vigorous deciduous shrub which forms a large spreading bush 10 feet high, with 3-lobed or 5-lobed, irregularly toothed leaves. The flowers, brownish purple with yellow protruding stamens, are packed closely in a spherical, almost stalkless cluster about an inch in diameter and appear in July. The inky black berries are in round clusters about an inch thick. This is one of the hardest shrubs introduced from northern China, where it is native.

For previous introduction see No. 72781.

76106. BUDDLEIA STENOSTACHYA Rehd. and Wils. Loganiaceae.

A western Chinese shrub up to 10 feet high, with lanceolate leaves 2 to 6 inches long and slender panicles of very small fragrant lavender flowers with orange eyes.

For previous introduction see No. 72822.

76107. CEANOTHUS DELILIANUS Spach. Rhamnaceae.

A late-flowering hybrid shrub of garden origin with dark-green leaves and pale to deep-blue flowers in lateral and terminal panicles.

For previous introduction see No. 73414.

76108. CLADRASTIS SINENSIS Hemsl. Fabaceae.

A western Chinese tree up to 75 feet high with compound leaves made up of 9 to 13 oblong leaflets. The white or pinkish pealike flowers are in branching panicles a foot long.

76109 to 76111. CLEMATIS spp. Ranunculaceae.**76109. CLEMATIS GLAUCA AKEBIOIDES** (Maxim.) Rehd. and Wils.

A slender climber up to 10 feet high, native to western China. The pinnate to bipinnate leaves have 2-lobed to 3-lobed ovate leaflets and the flowers are bronze yellow.

For previous introduction see No. 53652.

76110. CLEMATIS GLOBULOSA Hort.

A European hybrid between two western American species, *Clematis douglasii* scottii and *C. texensis*. It has deep-purple, pitcher-shaped flowers.

For previous introduction see No. 73422.